

fs

Industrial
Femtosecond
Lasers

FemtoLux 3

Applications

- / Inner volume marking of transparent materials
- / Marking and structuring
- / Micromachining of brittle materials
- / Photopolymerization
- / Ophthalmologic surgery
- / Biological Imaging
- / Pumping of femtosecond OPO/OPA
- / Microscopy



Microjoule Class Femtosecond Industrial Lasers

FemtoLux 3

FemtoLux 3 is a modern femtosecond fiber laser aimed for both R&D use and industrial integration.

Tunable pulse duration in a range of 300 fs – 5 ps, adjustable pulse repetition rate up to 10 MHz and adjustable pulse energy up to 3 µJ allows optimization of laser parameters for the desired application. These include marking and volume structuring of transparent materials, photopolymerization, biological imaging, nonlinear microscopy and many others. To expand the scope of applications even further this laser can be equipped with a second harmonics module.

With burst mode enabled, FemtoLux 3 can generate bursts of pulses with energy above 10 µJ which can significantly improve the efficiency of processes.

Having a rigid, compact, passive air-cooled laser head FemtoLux 3 can be integrated with different equipment, be it laser equipment for material micro-processing, microscopy or any other research equipment.



FemtoLux 3 laser with control unit

Features

Output power
**3 W at 1030 nm,
1.2 W at 515 nm**

Up to **3 µJ/pulse** and
10 µJ/burst (at 1030 nm)

Up to **1.2 µJ/pulse** and
5 µJ/burst (at 515 nm)

< 300 fs ... 5 ps
tunable pulse duration

M² < 1.2

Versatile laser control and
synchronization capabilities

Up to **10 MHz**
pulse repetition rate

Smart triggering for
synchronous operation with
polygon scanner and PSO

Instant amplitude control

Passive air cooling of the laser
head

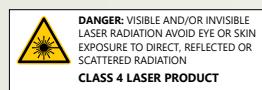
24/7 operation

	Output power	Pulse energy	Burst mode
At 1030 nm	3 W	3 µJ	10 µJ
At 515 nm	1.2 W	1.2 µJ	5 µJ



Learn more
about FemtoLux 3
www.ekspla.com

Specifications ¹⁾

Model	FemtoLux 3	
Main specifications		
Central wavelength	fundamental with second harmonic option	1030 nm 515 nm
Minimal pulse duration (FWHM) at 1030 nm		< 300 fs (typical ~230 fs)
Pulse duration tuning range		300 fs – 5 ps
Maximal average output power ²⁾	at 1030 nm at 515 nm	> 3 W > 1.2 W
Power long term stability (Std. dev.) ³⁾		≤ 0.5 %
Maximal pulse energy ²⁾	at 1030 nm at 515 nm	> 3 µJ > 1.2 µJ
Pulse energy stability (Std. dev.) ⁴⁾		< 2 %
Pulse repetition rate (PRR) ⁵⁾		1 – 10 MHz
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF) after frequency divider		PRF = PRR / N, N=1, 2, 3, ..., 65000; single shot
External pulse gating		via TTL input
Burst mode ⁶⁾		1 – 10 pulses
Max burst energy	at 1030 nm at 515 nm	> 10 µJ > 5 µJ
Burst shape control		via analog input
Power attenuation		0 – 100 % from remote control application or via analog input
Polarization orientation		linear, vertical
Polarization extinction ratio		>1000:1
M ²		< 1.2
Beam divergence (full angle)		<1.0 mrad
Beam circularity (far field)		> 0.85
Beam pointing stability (pk-to-pk) ⁷⁾		< 30 µrad
Beam diameter (1/e ²) at 20 cm distance from laser aperture	at 1030 nm at 515 nm	2.0 ± 0.3 mm 1.0 ± 0.2 mm
Operating requirements		
Mains requirements		100–240 V AC, single phase 47–63 Hz
Maximal power consumption		< 500 W
Operating ambient temperature		15 – 30 °C
Relative humidity		10 – 80 % (non-condensing)
Air contamination level		ISO 9 (room air) or better
Physical characteristics		
Cooling of the laser head		air, passive
Laser head size (L×W×H)	at 1030 nm at 515 nm	459.5 × 362 × 111 mm 615.3 × 362 × 139 mm
Power supply unit size (L×W×H)	stand-alone 19" rack mountable	496 × 483 × 184 mm 548 × 483 × 184 mm
Umbilical length		5 m
Classification		
Classification according EN60825-1		CLASS 4 laser product
¹⁾ Due to continuous improvement, all specifications are subject to change without notice. Parameters marked typical are not specifications. They are indications of typical performance and will vary with each unit we manufacture.	⁴⁾ At 1 MHz PRR under constant environmental conditions.	
²⁾ See typical power and energy curves for other pulse repetition rates at Fig 1., Fig 2. and Fig 4.	⁵⁾ When pulse picker is set to transmit every pulse.	
³⁾ At 1 MHz PRR during 24 h of operation after warm-up under constant environmental conditions.	⁶⁾ Pulse separation inside the burst is about 20 ns. ⁷⁾ Beam pointing stability is evaluated as a movement of the beam centroid in the focal plane of a focusing element.	 CLASS 4 LASER PRODUCT

Performance

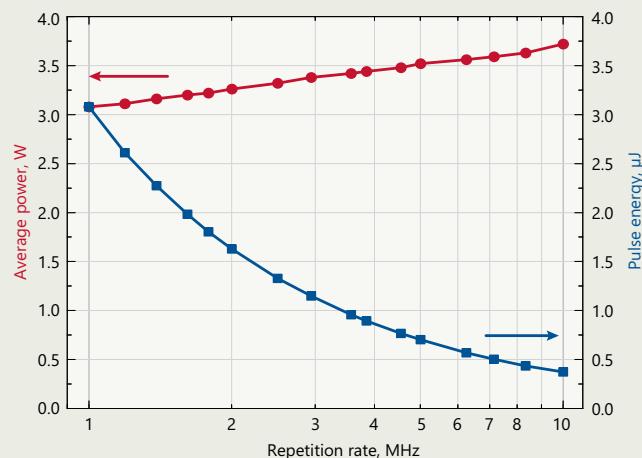


Fig 1. Typical dependence of output power and pulse energy of FemtoLux 3 laser at 1030 nm when changing internal repetition rate of the laser

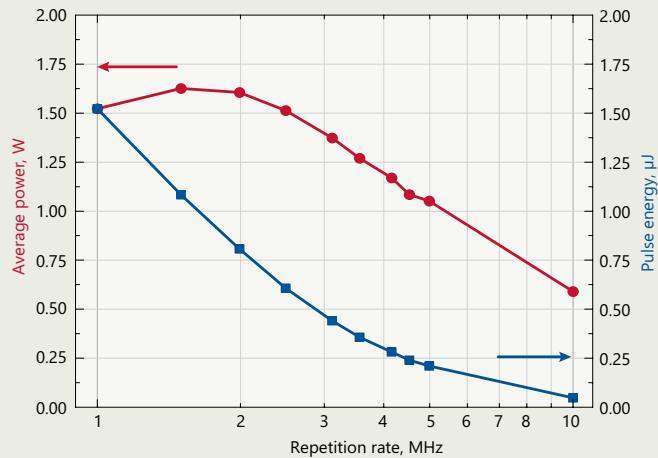


Fig 2. Typical dependence of output power and pulse energy of FemtoLux 3 laser at 515 nm on pulse repetition rate

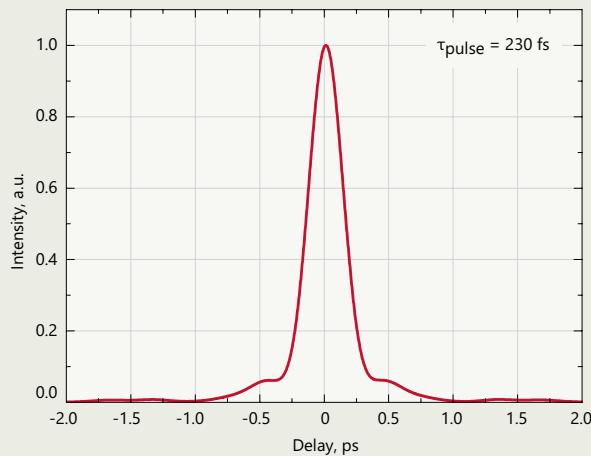


Fig 3. Typical FemtoLux 3 laser (at 1030 nm) output pulse autocorrelation function at 3 μ J pulse energy. Calculated pulse duration is 230 fs

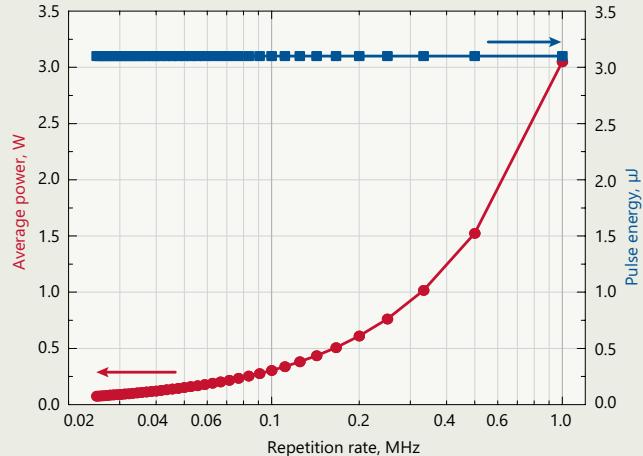


Fig 4. Typical dependence of output power and pulse energy of FemtoLux 3 laser at 1030 nm when repetition rate is reduced by pulse picker. Internal repetition rate of the laser in this case is 1 MHz

Stability

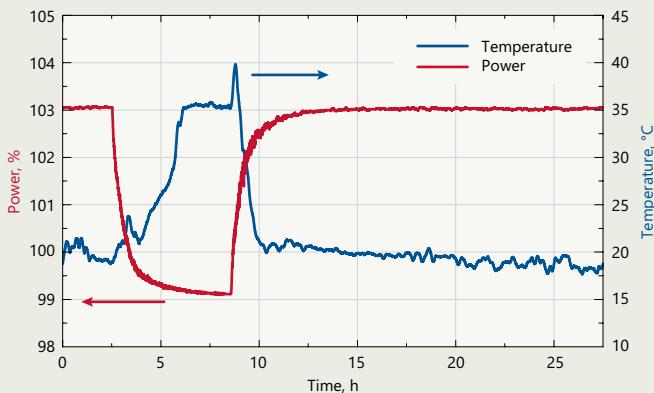


Fig 5. Average output power dependance on ambient temperature at 1030 nm

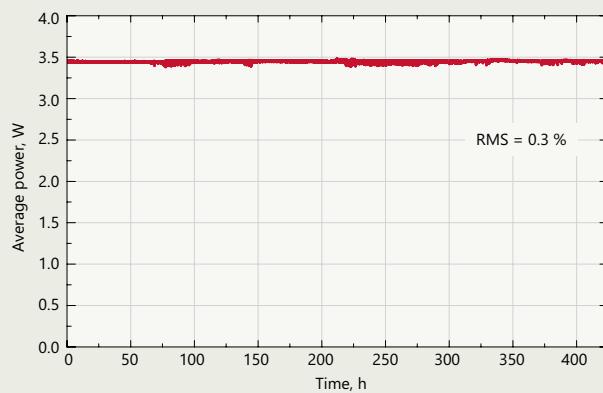


Fig 6. Typical long term average output power stability of FemtoLux 3 laser at 1030 nm under constant environmental conditions

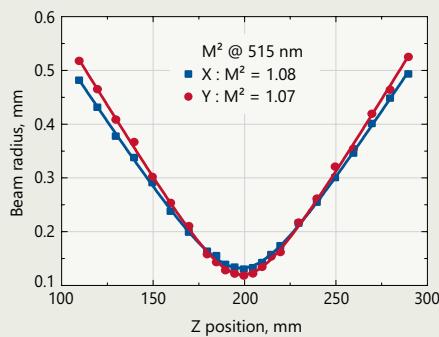
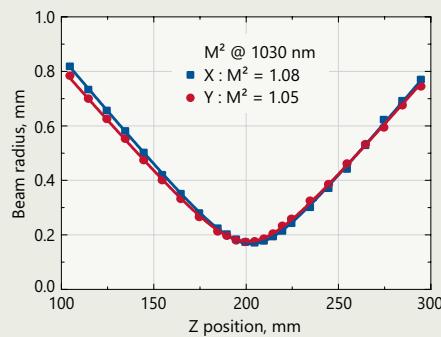


Fig 7. Typical M^2 measurement of FemtoLux 3 at 1030 nm (left) and 515 nm (right)

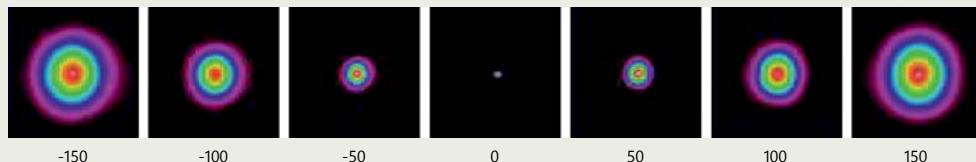


Fig 8. Typical beam profiles along propagation axis of FemtoLux 3 series laser

Drawings

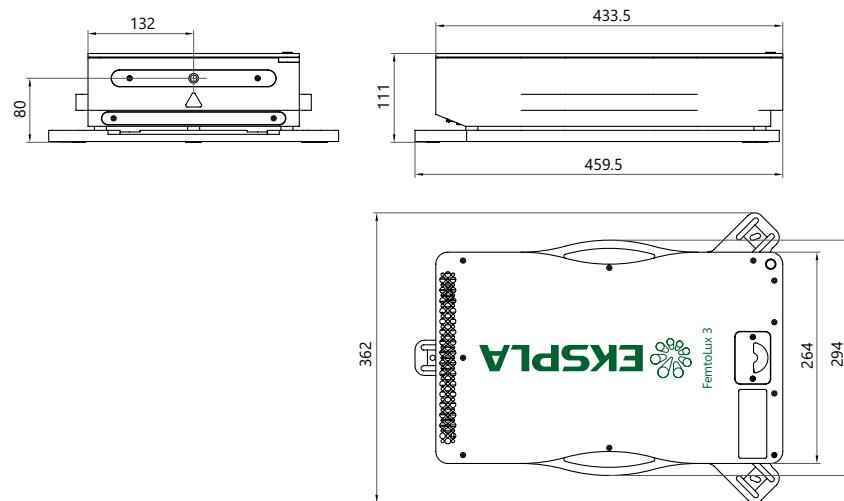


Fig 10. Outline drawings of FemtoLux 3 laser head

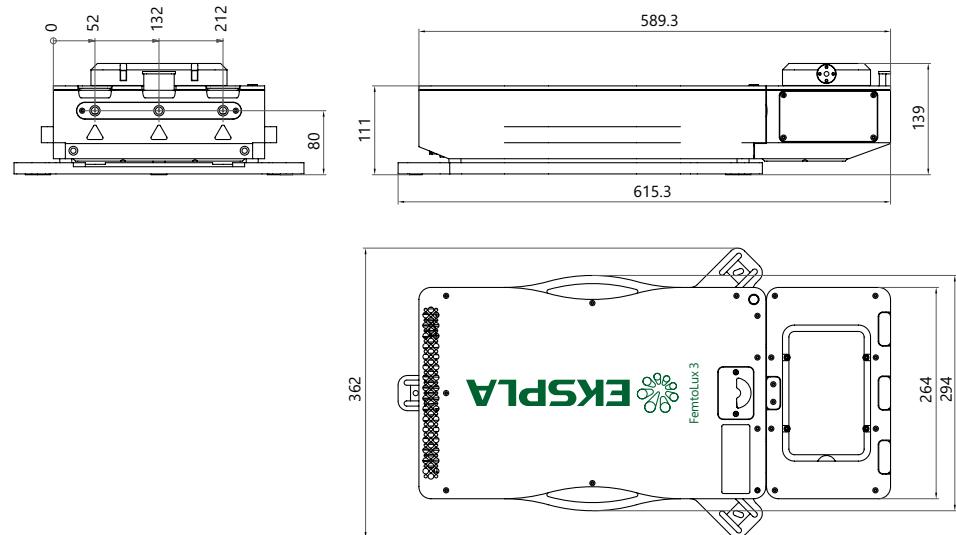


Fig 11. Outline drawings of FemtoLux 3 laser head with second harmonic option

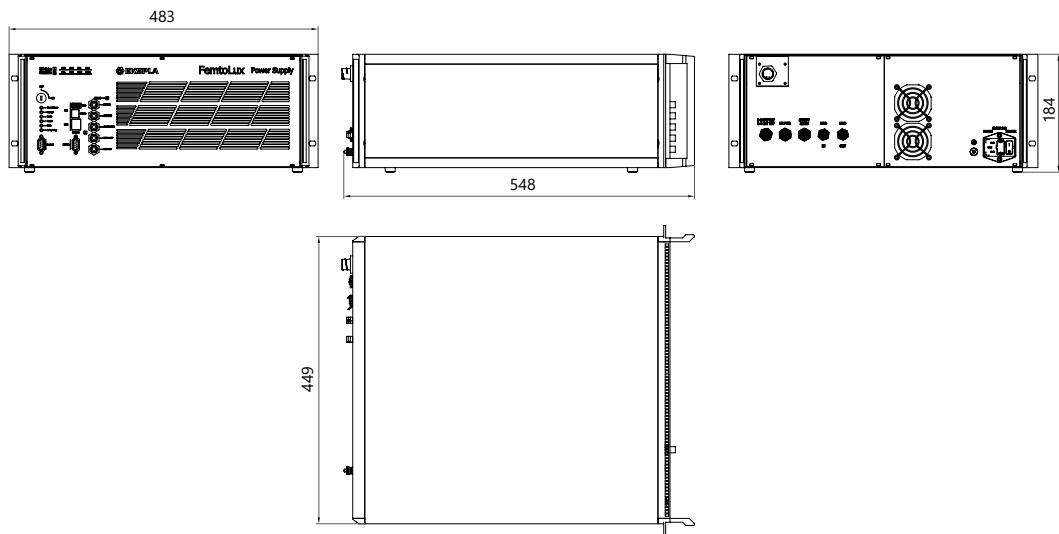


Fig 12. Outline drawings of FemtoLux 3 power supply and control unit